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Flammability Instability

Printed: 04/29/2010 Revision: 04/13/2010

Date Created: 04/13/2010

Product and Company Identification

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2465.1D **Product Code:**

Goof Off Heavy Duty **Product Name:**

Manufacturer Information

W. M. Barr **Company Name:**

> 2105 Channel Avenue Memphis, TN 38113

(901)775-0100 **Phone Number:**

Emergency Contact: 3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact (800)451-8346 Information: W.M. Barr Customer Service (800)398-3892

Web site address: www.wmbarr.com

Preparer Name: W.M. Barr EHS Dept (901)775-0100

HEALTH

PPE

FLAMMABILITY

PHYSICAL HAZ.

Multi-Purpose Remover for grease, tar, ink, paint, adhesive, etc. Intended Use:

Synonyms

FG659, FG659MT, FG659WS, FG701, FG701CS, FG708, FG720, FG720D, FG721, FG728

2. Hazards Identification

GHS Precaution Phrases

Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Emergency Overview

CAUTION: Eye Irritant.

OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

This material has not been tested as a whole for health effects. Effects listed are those of the individually listed ingredients in this msds.

May cause irritation. May cause moderate corneal injury. Effects may include discomfort or pain, and redness. Effects may be slow to heal.

Skin:

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. Repeated exposure may cause irritation, even a burn. May cause more severe response on covered skin (under clothing, gloves).

Inhalation:

When used as directed, the consumer is not expected to experience any exposure effects. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include a headache, dizziness, or nausea.

Ingestion:

Moderately toxic if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury. However, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

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Target Organs: Blood (Hemolysis), Kidneys, Liver, Central Nervous System.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Ingestion

Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure

See Potential Health Effects.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

None known.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

На	zardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS#	Concentration
1.	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl	111-76-2	3.0 -7.0 %
	ether, (a glycol ether)}		
2.	Benzenemethanol {Benzyl alcohol}	100-51-6	5.0 -10.0 %
3.	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	1.0 -5.0 %
	{2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}		
4.	Propylene alycol phenyl ether {(not 313)}	770-35-4	1.0 -5.0 %

4. First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin thoroughly with large amounts of water and mild soap, if available. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eyes:

Immediately begin to flush eyes with water, remove any contact lens. Continue to flush the eyes for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability Classification: Not flammable or combustible

Flash Pt: > 200.00 F Method Used: Setaflash Closed Cup (Rapid Setaflash)

Explosive Limits: LEL: none UEL: none

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Material is not flammable or combustible. No special fire fighting instructions required.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

No data available.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Material should not burn. Combustion product will be from surrounding materials involved in fire.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Non-combustible liquid - use extinguishing media for underlying cause of fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

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6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or confined areas. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to compatible containers for proper disposal. For large spills, dike ahead of the spill.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. A source of clean water should be kept in the immediate work area for flushing of the eyes and skin.

Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing

Keep containers closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)		CAS#	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits
1.	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl	111-76-2	50 ppm	20 ppm	No data.
	ether, (a glycol ether)}				
2.	Benzenemethanol {Benzyl alcohol}	100-51-6	No data.	No data.	No data.
3.	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	No data.	No data.	No data.
	{2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}				
4.	Propylene glycol phenyl ether {(not 313)}	770-35-4	No data.	No data.	No data.

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

When used by the consumer following directions for use and with adequate ventilation, respiratory protection is not expected to be needed.

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

If the work area is not properly ventilated to keep airborne levels below their exposure limits, you must use a properly fitted and maintained NIOSH approved respirator for organic vapors. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection

Where contact with the eyes or face is likely from spraying or splashing, safety glasses, a faceshield or chemical goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact.

Protective Gloves

When used as directed, protective gloves should not be required. For prolonged or repeated contact, wear gloves with as much resistance to the chemical ingredients as possible. Glove materials such as natural rubber or nitrile rubber provide protection. Glove selection should be based on chemicals being used and conditions of use. Consult your glove supplier for additional information.

Other Protective Clothing

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

Ventilation

Ventilation is normally not required when handling or using this product to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels.

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Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices

Wash hands thoroughly after use and before eating, drinking, or smoking. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area. Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical States: [] Gas [X] Liquid [] Solid

Melting Point:28.00 FBoiling Point:212.00 FAutoignition Pt:No data.

Flash Pt: > 200.00 F Method Used: Setaflash Closed Cup (Rapid Setaflash)

Explosive Limits: LEL: none UEL: none

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.995

Density: 8.277 LB/GL
Bulk density: No data.
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg): < 0.1 MM HG

Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1): > 1 Evaporation Rate (vs Butyl < 1

Acetate=1):

Solubility in Water: Complete

Percent Volatile: ~ 87 % by weight.

VOC / Volume: 4.0000 % WT

Heat Value: No data.

Particle Size: No data.

Corrosion Rate: No data.

ph: 8.3 - 9

Appearance and Odor

Slight yellow to clear, transparent, almond-like odor.

Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Unstable [] Stable [X]

Conditions To Avoid - Instability

None known.

Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid

Strong oxidizing agents, isocyanates, acetaldehyde, aluminum alkyl compounds and strong mineral acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Will occur [] Will not occur [X]

Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions

None known.

11. Toxicological Information

Material has not been tested as a whole. Data is for individual ingredients.

Acute Toxicity:

2-Butoxyethanol:

LD50 Rat oral 1.48 g/kg

LD50 Rabbit oral 0.32 g/kg

LD50 Rabbit dermal 400 mg/kg

LC50 Rat (male) inhalation 486 ppm/4 hr /from table/

LC50 Mouse inhalation 700 ppm/7 hr /from table/

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LD50 Rabbit (male) iv 280 mg/kg /from table/

Benzyl Alcohol:

LD50 Rat oral 3.1 g/kg

LD50 Rabbit oral 1.94 g/kg

LC50 Rat inhalation 1000 ppm/8 hr

Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether:

LD50 Mouse oral 2400 mg/kg bw

LD50 Rat oral 4500 mg/kg bw

LD50 Rabbit dermal 2700 mg/kg bw

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

2-Butoxyethanol is irritating to the eyes, the skin and the respiratory tract.

Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether: When humans were patch tested with undiluted material, a limited number of the volunteers developed reddening of the skin. The substance is not corrosive to the skin, eyes, or respiratory tract.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:

Studies have shown that undiluted benzyl alcohol was moderately irritating when applied to the depilated skin of guinea pigs for 24 hr. It was moderately irritating when applied to rabbit skin. Benzyl alcohol was severely irritating to the eyes of rabbits.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: No Data Available.

Aspiration Hazard: No Data available.

Chronic Toxicological Effects

Material has not been tested as a whole. Data is for individual ingredients.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

2-Butoxyethanol: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Reproductive Toxicity/Birth Defects/Developmental Effects:

2-Butoxyethanol: In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

STOT-Single Exposure: No data available.

STOT-Repeated Exposure: No data available.

Carcinogenicity/Other Information

No data available.

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)		CAS#	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
1.	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl	111-76-2	Possible	2B	A3	No
	ether. (a glycol ether)}					

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На	zardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS#	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
2.	Benzenemethanol {Benzyl alcohol}	100-51-6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
3.	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	{2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}					
4.	Propylene glycol phenyl ether {(not 313)}	770-35-4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

12. Ecological Information

Not determined for this product as a whole.

Toxicity:

2-Butoxyethanol: Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis. LC50 Rainbow trout, 96 hr, 1,700 mg/L; LC50, water flea daphnia magna, 835 mg/L; EC50, Green Alga, biomass growth inhibition, 72 hr, 911 mg/L; LC50 Bacteria, >1000 mg/L

Persistence and Degradability:

2-Butoxyethanol: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Benzyl Alcohol is easily biodegradable by biological sewage treatment

Bioaccumulative Potential:

2-Butoxyethanol: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or LOG POW less than 3).

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether: According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

An estimated BCF of 1 was calculated for benzyl alcohol(SRC), using a log Kow of 1.1(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low.

Mobility in Soil:

2 -Butoxyethanol: Potential for mobility in soil is high (KOC between 50 and 150).

Benzyl alcohol is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

Diethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether is expected to have very high mobility in soil(SRC).

Other Adverse Effects: None known.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Do not dump into sewers or allow to enter waterways.

14. Transport Information

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name Not regulated by D.O.T.

Additional Transport Information

The shipper/supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these

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Sec.110

exceptions.

For D.O.T. information, contact W.M. Barr Technical Services at 1-800-398-3892.

CAS#

15. Regulatory Information

Sec.302 (EHS)

Sec.304 RQ

Sec.313 (TRI)

US EPA SARA Title III

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

					, ,	
1.	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether, (a glycol ether)}	111-76-2	No	No	Yes-Cat. N230	No
2.	Benzenemethanol {Benzyl alcohol}	100-51-6	No	No	No	No
3.	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	No	No	Yes-Cat. N230	No
	{2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}					
4.	Propylene glycol phenyl ether {(not 313)}	770-35-4	No	No	No	No
U	IS EPA CAA, CWA, TSCA					
Ha	azardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS#	EPA CAA	EPA CWA NPDES	EPA TSCA	CA PROP 65
1.	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy- {Ethylene glycol n-butyl	111-76-2	HAP, ODC ()	No	Inventory	No
	ether, (a glycol ether)}					
	ether, (a grycor ether)					
2.		100-51-6	HAP, ODC ()	No	Inventory	No
2. 3.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100-51-6 112-34-5	, 0	No No	Inventory Inventory	No No
	Benzenemethanol {Benzyl alcohol}		, ,		•	

SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists:

Sec.302: EPA SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemical with TPQ. * indicates 10000

LB TPQ if not volatile.

Sec.304: EPA SARA Title III Section 304: CERCLA Reportable + Sec.302 with Reportable Quantity. **

indicates statutory RQ.

Sec.313: EPA SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory. Note: -Cat indicates a member of a

chemical category.

Sec.110: EPA SARA 110 Superfund Site Priority Contaminant List

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control

Act) Lists:

Inventory: Chemical Listed in the TSCA Inventory.

5A(2): Chemical Subject to Significant New Rules (SNURS)

6A: Commercial Chemical Control Rules

8A: Toxic Substances Subject To Information Rules on Production
 8A CAIR: Comprehensive Assessment Information Rules - (CAIR)
 8A PAIR: Preliminary Assessment Information Rules - (PAIR)
 8C: Records of Allegations of Significant Adverse Reactions

8D: Health and Safety Data Reporting Rules

8D TERM: Health and Safety Data Reporting Rule Terminations

12(b): Notice of Export

Other Important Lists:

CWA NPDES: EPA Clean Water Act NPDES Permit Chemical
CAA HAP: EPA Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant

CAA ODC: EPA Clean Air Act Ozone Depleting Chemical (1=CFC, 2=HCFC)

CA PROP 65: California Proposition 65

International Regulatory Lists:

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EPA Hazard Categories

This material meets the EPA 'Hazard Categories' of	defined for SARA Title III Sections 311/312 as indicated:
[X] Yes [] No	Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
[X] Yes [] No	Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
[] Yes [X] No	Fire Hazard
[] Yes [X] No	Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
[] Yes [X] No	Reactive Hazard

16. Other Information

Company Policy or Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.